













Choreography Transition Tactics

The way you transition your participants from one move to the next is just as important as the exercises themselves. Effective transitioning is a skill that requires thought, planning and practice. In this Choreography Transition Tactics session, we're sharing our five transition tactics to get you seamlessly moving from one piece of choreography to the next.

Five Choreography Transition Tactics Covered:

- Pull Apart/Piece Together
- Start Off Slow
- Use a Filler
- Sandwich Your Moves
- End Where You Want To Go

While we will discuss and showcase each tactic separately, they do not have to run independently of one another. For example, you could sandwich your moves and end where you want to go all in one series.

Seamless Transitions Will:

- Maintain an active body which naturally increases the intensity
- Keep class participants following along which provides for a better in class experience
- Eliminate the stop and go/choppiness of class which will elevate your instructor status

As with any new skill, a conscious effort and practice is key. In time it will become second nature, but it won't start off that way. Implement a transition tactic or two at a time; incorporating all 5 tactics in your next class could be overwhelming.





Tactic #1: Pull Apart/Piece Together

This tactic involves a progression of choreography: pull apart the series you're currently doing so you can piece together the next. It can be a challenge to change your arms, legs and torso all at once; so why do it! Swap out one body part/movement at a time to flow with ease from one choreography series to the next.

Warm-Up Examples Knee Lift to Straight Leg Kick	
<u>Upper Body Examples</u> Shoulder Raise to Tricep Kick Back	
Abdominal Examples Seated Round Back to	
Supine	



Tactic #2: Start Off Slow

There are times we would like to progress and transition to a more detailed choreography heavy series. Transitioning on tempo or at your ultimate desired pace would either require you to do the "stop and watch me" approach or cause mass class chaos for the first few 8 counts as people figure out what's going on. If you start off slow, you'll avoid both unwanted results.

When we start off slow we can pack more words into one movement which gives us more time to cue the position of the body, the action, and what will come next. You can fit more descriptive language in 4 counts than you can in 2 counts. Once we take the class through the moves slow, typically 2-3 times through, they have an opportunity to feel it in their body, memorize the choreography and are prepared to pick up the pace.

Glute Examples Lunge to Kneeling Leg	
Lift Combo	
Thigh Examples	
Wide V/Lunge/Chair	
Combo	



Tactic #3: Use a Filler

Fillers buy us a bit of time to explain and even demonstrate what's coming next while keeping the body active. Fillers are typically a hold, a pulse or a stretch and last about 4 eight counts or less.

A filler is not instrumental to the class choreography, as in, it has no great impact on the muscles being worked nor does it truly impact your overall class time. Fillers are however crucial if you you're looking for smooth flow.

<u>Upper Body Examples</u>	
Tricep Kick Back to	
Tricep Overhead	
Extension	
Thigh Examples	
Wide V Knee Bend to	
Wide V/Curtsy combo	
Glute Examples	
Seated Pretzel on one	
leg to Seated Pretzel on	
the other leg	





Tactic #4: Sandwich Your Moves

When we sandwich our moves, we place an entire choreography series in between two other identical series. Think two slices of bread with the good stuff in the middle. This tactic is best used when we need to get from one side to the next in our choreography but want to do so without literally stopping and switching sides.

Unlike our Filler tactic, Sandwiching is longer than 4 eight counts: more along the lines of 2-5 minutes. It is significant choreography and without it, class would be short on time or missing working a muscle group adequately.

<u>Plank Examples</u> Side Plank to center Plank to side Plank	
Abdominal Examples Side Lying crunch series to Round Back series to Side Lying other direction	
Glute Examples Side Leg Lift series to Fold Over Flat Back series to Side Leg Lift series other direction	



Tactic #5: End Where You Want To Go

When change of direction is your goal, up to down or right to left, this tactic is for you. The *end* of one series becomes the *beginning* of the next series.

End Where You Want To Go is a tactic that will help avoid the standing, kneeling, back to standing and then to kneeling flow to your class.

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Upper Body Exercises	
Tricep Straight Arm Lifts to	
Seated Tricep Dips	
Thick Eversions	
Thigh Exercises	
Wide V to alternating Open V	
to Wide V other side	
Plank/Upper Body Exercises	
Pike Plank series to standing	
Bicep series	
biccp series	